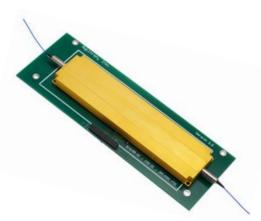
Integrated Solid State Variable Photonic Time Delay

(Patent Protected)

DATASHEET



The SSTD Series photonic time delay selectively routes optic signal through N delay segments whose delay time increase successively by a power of 2. Since each switching element allows the signal to either connect or bypass a delay segment, a delay T may be inserted which can take any value, in increments of \Box T, up to the maximum value T. This is achieved using a patent pending non-mechanical configuration and activated via an electrical control signal. Latching operation preserves the selected optical path after the drive signal has been removed. All solid-state configuration eliminates the need for mechanical movement and organic materials. The device is designed to meet the most demanding switching requirement of ultra-high reliability and fast response time.

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Features

- High Speed
- Non-Mechanical
- High Reliability
- Fail-Safe Latching
- Low Power Consumption

Applications

- Phase-Array Antennas
- Instrumentation

Specifications

Parameter		Min	Typical	Max	Unit	
Wavelength band		1535	1550	1565	nm	
Insertion Loss ^[1]	(4-bit version)		2.8	3.5	dB	
	(5-bit version)		3.4	4.0		
Cross Talk	Cross Talk		28		dB	
Switching Time(fall, rise)			50	200	μs	
Repetition Rate				1	kHz	
Delay Time Range				300	ps	
PDL (SMF version)		0.15	0.35	0.80	dB	
ER (PMF version)		18				
Polarization Mode Dispersion			0.1	0.2	ps	
Return Loss		50	55	60	dB	
Operating Temperature		0		60	°C	
Optical Power Handling			400		mW	
Storage Temperature		-40		85	°C	
Fiber Type		SMF-28 or Panda PM or equivalent				

Notes

[1]. Exclude connector. L band version is available.

[2]. Final dimension will be determined per total time delay.

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© Photonwares Corporation	P +1 781-935-1200	E sales@photonwares.com	www.agiltron.com

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Electrical Driving Requirements

Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Switch Voltage	2.3	2.5	2.8	V
Switch Current	120	140	160	mA
Pulse Duration	0.2	0.3	0.5	ms

For each switching core

Evaluation kit with TTL and RS232 or USB interface and Windows™ GUI also available

PIN arrangement and package size will be finalized after TD confirmation.

Prototype Picture (4-bit version)



* Product dimensions may change without notice. This is sometimes required for non-standard specifications.

Ordering Information

	88			1			0	
Prefix	Туре	Wavelength	Configuration	Package	Fiber Type	Fiber Cover	Delay Range	Connector
SSTD- ^[1]		1550nm = 5 1310nm = 3 Special = 0	4-bit = 1 5-bit = 2	Standard = 1	SFM-28 = 1 PM1550 = 5 Special = 0	Bare fiber = 1 0.9mm tube = 3 Special = 0	Customized = 0	None = 1 FC/PC = 2 FC/APC = 3 SC/PC = 4 SC/APC = 5 ST/PC = 6 LC/PC = 7 LC/APC = A LC/UPC = U Special = 0

[1]. SSTD: Solid State Time Delay.

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Application Notes

Fiber Core Alignment

Note that the minimum attenuation for these devices depends on excellent core-to-core alignment when the connectors are mated. This is crucial for shorter wavelengths with smaller fiber core diameters that can increase the loss of many decibels above the specification if they are not perfectly aligned. Different vendors' connectors may not mate well with each other, especially for angled APC.

Fiber Cleanliness

Fibers with smaller core diameters (<5 µm) must be kept extremely clean, contamination at fiber-fiber interfaces, combined with the high optical power density, can lead to significant optical damage. This type of damage usually requires re-polishing or replacement of the connector.

Maximum Optical Input Power

Due to their small fiber core diameters for short wavelength and high photon energies, the damage thresholds for device is substantially reduced than the common 1550nm fiber. To avoid damage to the exposed fiber end faces and internal components, the optical input power should never exceed 20 mW for wavelengths shorter 650nm. We produce a special version to increase the how handling by expanding the core side at the fiber ends.

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